

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims

1. (Currently Amended) A method of increasing fibrinolysis levels in a subject, the method comprising:

identifying a human subject with at least one 4G allele and/or genotype at the plasminogen activator inhibitor-1 (PAI-1) gene promoter site, and at least one I allele and/or genotype at the tissue plasminogen activator (t-PA) gene locus and

engaging the subject in exercise training for a period of time sufficient to increase fibrinolysis in the subject.

2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the subject has a 4G/5G genotype.

3. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the subject has a 4G/4G genotype.

4. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the exercise training comprises extensive exercise.

5. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the exercise training comprises moderate exercise.

6. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the exercise training comprises limited exercise.

7. (Currently Amended) A method of preventing cardiovascular disease in a human subject, the method comprising:

identifying a subject with at least one 4G allele and/or genotype at the plasminogen activator inhibitor-1 (PAI-1) gene promoter site, and at least one I allele and/or genotype at the tissue plasminogen activator (t-PA) gene locus and

engaging the subject in exercise training for a period of time sufficient to prevent cardiovascular disease in the subject.

8. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 7, wherein the subject has a 4G/5G genotype.
9. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 7, wherein the subject has a 4G/4G genotype.
10. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 7, wherein the exercise training comprises extensive exercise.
11. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 7, wherein the exercise training comprises moderate exercise.
12. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 7, wherein the exercise training comprises limited exercise.
13. (Currently Amended) A method of ameliorating cardiovascular disease in a human subject suffering from cardiovascular disease, the method comprising:
identifying a subject with at least one 4G allele and/or genotype at the plasminogen activator inhibitor-1 (PAI-1) gene promoter site, and at least one I allele and/or genotype at the tissue plasminogen activator (t-PA) gene locus and
engaging the subject in exercise training for a period of time sufficient to ameliorate cardiovascular disease in the subject.
14. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 13, wherein the subject has a 4G/5G genotype.
15. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 13, wherein the subject has a 4G/4G genotype.
16. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 13, wherein the exercise training comprises extensive exercise.
17. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 13, wherein the exercise training comprises moderate exercise.
18. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 13, wherein the exercise training comprises limited exercise.

19. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the subject has a I/I genotype.

20. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the subject has a I/D genotype.

21. (Withdrawn) A method of increasing fibrinolysis levels in a subject, the method comprising:

identifying a subject with at least one I allele and/or genotype at the (t-PA) gene locus; and

engaging the subject in exercise training for a period of time sufficient to increase fibrinolysis in the subject.

22. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 21, wherein the subject has a I/I genotype.

23. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 21 wherein the subject has a I/D genotype.

24. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 21, wherein the exercise training comprises extensive exercise.

25. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 21, wherein the exercise training comprises moderate exercise.

26. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 19, wherein the exercise training comprises limited exercise.

27. (Withdrawn) A method of preventing or ameliorating cardiovascular disease in a subject, the method comprising:

identifying a subject with at least one I allele and/or genotype at the (t-PA) gene locus; and

engaging the subject in exercise training for a period of time sufficient to prevent cardiovascular disease in the subject.